# LANGUAGE ARTS TOPICS – GRADES 4-6

### **SPELLING**

- 1. Extend alphabetizing skill.
- 2. Abbreviate days of the week/months/titles/streets/states.
- 3. Obtain information by using the dictionary for definitions and pronunciation.
- 4. Apply rules for suffixes and prefixes.
- 5. Use context clues to spell homophones.
- 6. Locate words in the dictionary through use of guide words.

# **GRAMMAR**

- 1. Form complex sentences, using the most common subordinating conjunctions.
- 2. Use coordinating conjunctions to connect equal elements.
- 3. Use pronouns effectively, including to point out use of generic male pronoun & its effect on language.
- 4. Use appropriate word order.
- 5. Use regular & irregular verb forms correctly.
- 6. Use proper subject-verb agreement.
- 7. Determine function of words & phrases by their position in a sentence.
- 8. Use verb forms to express time.
- 9. Form plurals of nouns.
- 10. Distinguish contemporary & historical influences on language.
- 11. Apply knowledge of roots & affixes to understand work meaning & functions.

#### LITERATURE

- 1. Identify & use figurative language which an author uses to enhance the quality of literature.
- 2. Describe & demonstrate that literature has a variety of forms & purposes.
- 3. Discuss language which creates & stimulates positive & negative mood.
- 4. Recognize & use various forms of poetic style.
- 5. Develop criteria for critical evaluation of literature.
- 6. Distinguish between fact & fantasy, fiction & non-fiction, biography & autobiography.
- 7. Identify language which an author uses which promotes stereotypes & bias.

#### **MEDIA**

- 1. Explain the organization of library-media center.
- 2. Locate (in the library media center) a variety of print & non-print material on an assigned topic.

1

- 3. Operate & use a variety of audiovisual equipment.
- 4. Develop simple criteria for evaluating print & non-print media.
- 5. Use appropriate sections of newspapers/magazines to locate information.
- 6. Use a multi media approach to express himself/herself logically & creatively.

# **READING**

- 1. Develop vocabulary appropriate for instructional content & activities & use context clues to approximate meanings of new words.
- 2. Relate past experiences to reading material.
- 3. Distinguish that print is written language.
- 4. Demonstrate ability to self correct based on readjustment of predictions.
- 5. Use a variety of reference sources to locate information, solve problems, & answer questions.
- 6. Distinguish that personal values & points of view influence what is said, heard, or read.
- 7. Use leisure time for self-selected sustained reading.
- 8. Identify stated and implied main ideas & supportive details in related paragraphs.
- 9. Distinguish between fact and opinion.

### REASONING

- 1. State a summary of conclusion based on data using charts, graphs, tables, maps, or list of facts.
- 2. Predict outcome based on relevant information.
- 3. Use available information to apply understandings to solve new problems in new situations.

#### SPEAKING/LISTENING

- 1. Speak before a group to express or defend an opinion or a point of view, present information, tell a story, present an oral interpretation of literature, read orally, & take part in a choral reading.
- 2. Use clear, concise language which is organized & incorporates words from vocabulary study, spelling, reading, & listening.
- 3. Effectively participate in a discussion by alternating the role of speaker & listener.
- 4. Recognize when another does not understand the message.
- 5. Listen & respond attentively to gain information.
- 6. Listen & respond analytically with comprehension.
- 7. Listen & respond appreciatively for enjoyment.
- 8. Listen & respond critically to make judgments, solve problems, & make predictions.
- 9. Listen & respond courteously.
- 10. Adjust listening & responding strategies according to purpose.

### **WRITING**

- 1. Write a paragraph in which all of the sentences are related to one topic.
- 2. Proofread written works for spelling & mechanical errors.
- 3. Write clear, understandable directions & explanations.
- 4. Vary written communications according to purpose & audience using vivid & specific written language, including friendly letter.
- 5. Select & narrow a topic to be used in a written assignment.
- 6. Organize information in outline form.
- 7. Write for purpose of argumentation, narrative exposition, & persuasion.
- 8. Use connecting words & phrases to establish relationship between or among paragraphs.

- 9. Follow suggestions made during peer and teacher conferences to revise & edit written work.
- 10. Increase spelling skills & writing vocabulary through the use of word attack skills, dictionary sills & memory.
- 11. Use a word processor in writing & editing.

# **MATH TOPICS – GRADES 4-6**

### NUMBERS AND NUMERATION

- 1. Write counting numbers in expanded notation.
- 2. Distinguish between even and odd cardinal numbers.
- 3. Write the number names in English.
- 4. Distinguish between prime and composite numbers.
- 5. Read & write Hindu-Arabic numbers from thousandths to billions.
- 6. Demonstrate the existence of integers through common examples.
- 7. Order simple fractions using manipulative materials.
- 8. Demonstrate equivalent fractions using manipulative materials.
- 9. Compare and contrast the Hindu-Arabic number system with other number systems.

### **OPERATIONS**

- 1. State a word problem for a number sentence.
- 2. Recite the addition facts for whole numbers zero to ten.
- 3. Recite the multiplication facts for whole numbers zero to ten.
- 4. Add, subtract, multiply, and divide whole numbers.
- 5. Explain the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction, and between multiplication and division.
- 6. Add and subtract fractions using manipulative materials.
- 7. Estimate sums, differences, products, & quotients of whole numbers.
- 8. Use a calculator and/or a computer when appropriate.
- 9. Evaluate expressions using the correct order of operations.

### **MEASUREMENT**

- 1. Make linear comparisons with inches, feet, yards, centimeters and meters.
- 2. Tell time with a clock.
- 3. Measure lengths with metric and English rulers.
- 4. Read Celsius and Fahrenheit thermometers.
- 5. Recognize that error is inherent in measurement.
- 6. Find areas of simple two-dimensional shapes and volumes of simple three dimensional shapes using models or diagrams.
- 7. Measure angles using a protractor.
- 8. Compare the origins of the metric and English systems of measurement.
- 9. Write amounts of money to \$999.99 using symbols.
- 10. Make change for simulated purchases.

#### **GEOMETRY**

- 1. Describe the similarities and differences of trapezoids, parallelograms, rectangles, and squares.
- 2. Identify parallel and perpendicular lines using intuitive concepts.
- 3. Determine the congruence of two polygons by superposition and measurement.

- 4. Solve problems involving area and perimeter of squares, rectangles and triangles requiring whole number operations.
- 5. Classify angles by their measure.
- 6. Classify triangles and quadrilaterals according to their special properties.
- 7. Find & approximation of the value of pi using manipulative materials.
- 8. Identify the distinguishing properties of segments, rays, lines, angles, polygons, circles, and spheres.

### COLLECTION AND USE OF DATA

- 1. Gather, organize, and interpret data.
- 2. Read, interpret, and construct bar and line graphs.
- 3. Construct a frequency table from simple data.
- 4. Propose and find answers to questions, which require the gathering, organization, and interpretation of data.
- 5. Use calculators and computers to process data when appropriate.
- 6. Use mean, median, and mode as numbers that help describe a collection of data.
- 7. Predict the probability that an event will occur.

#### PROBLEM SOLVING

- 1. Use the four step heuristic approach to solve problems:
  - a. Identify the problem, including what is known, what can be found, and what is needed.
  - b. Plan a strategy.
  - c. Solve.
  - d. Check for reasonableness of results, units, degree of accuracy.
- 2. Apply various strategies in the problem solving process.
- 3. Estimate answers.
- 4. Use calculators and computers when appropriate in problem solving process.
- 5. Apply problem-solving skills to life studies.

# **SCIENCE TOPICS – GRADES 4-6**

### **PROCESSES**

- 1. OBSERVING using the senses (seeing, tasting, touching, hearing and smelling) to find out about objects or events in the environment.
- 2. DESCRIBING AND COMPARING recognizing and relating ways in which objects or events are alike or different.
- 3. CLASSIFYING grouping objects or events according to their observed characteristics.
- 4. INFERRING suggesting explanations, reasons or causes for events which have occurred which may not be directly observable.
- 5. PREDICTING describing in advance the outcome of an event or process based on observations or data.
- 6. MEASURING finding out about an unknown quantity by comparing its mass, area, length or volume with a known quantity.
- 7. COMMUNCATING conveying information through the use of oral or written descriptions, pictures, graphs, charts, maps, demonstrations, etc.
- 8. INTERPRETING DATA explaining the meaning or the significance of information regarding an object or event.
- 9. FORMULATING QUESTIONS thinking, asking and writing questions based on the nature and process of scientific events.
- 10. EXPERIMENTING designing and carrying out procedures under controlled conditions in which variables are limited to obtain reliable information about interrelationships between objects and events.
- 11. HYPOTHESIZING stating a probable explanation for some occurrence which is subject to testing.

### LIFE SCIENCE

- 1. Identify & describe the basic differences between plant & animal cells.
- 2. Describe cell division.
- 3. Describe the functions of genes.
- 4. Explain how materials get into and/or out of cells.
- 5. Recognize several one-called animals and plants.
- 6. Demonstrate the function of chlorophyll in food production.
- 7. Differentiate between asexual and sexual reproduction.
- 8. Differentiate between reproduction by spores, cones and seeds.
- 9. Identify flower parts by their function.
- 10. Describe the roles of various agents of pollination.
- 11. Observe and report the chronological development of several plant and animal organisms.
- 12. Design experiments which demonstrate the function of plant parts.
- 13. Identify causes which explain the extinction of certain plants and animals.
- 14. Hypothesize reasons for changes in plants and animals over time.
- 15. Predict how plants or animals may look in the future.
- 16. Recognize evidence of past life.
- 17. Contrast and compare vertebrates and invertebrates including their life systems.
- 18. Trace the progressive development of life systems from protozoan to vertebrates.
- 19. Identify and describe the major parts and functions of human body systems.
- 20. Contrast the processes of photosynthesis and respiration.

### PHYSICAL SCIENCE

- 1. Observe & describe an energy change from one form to another.
- 2. Describe inter-relationships in a energy cycle.
- 3. Measure energy change data and make inferences from the data.
- 4. Manipulate materials to observe energy phenomenon.
- 5. Recognize and classify different states of matter.
- 6. Construct simple molecular models.
- 7. Generalize the difference between physical & chemical change & give examples.
- 8. Demonstrate the ability to use standard units of measure and measurement devices.
- 9. Collect and graphically record data from physical events in several different ways.
- 10. Analyze measured data to formulate predictions and generalizations.
- 11. Identify and demonstrate characteristics of simple machines.
- 12. Distinguish between chemical compounds, mixtures and/or solutions.
- 13. Construct simple electrical circuits.
- 14. Demonstrate the relationship between magnetism and electricity.
- 15. Contrast the characteristics of several examples of kinetic and potential energy.

### **EARTH & SPACE SCIENCE**

- 1. Cite evidence that gasses, solids and liquids compose the atmosphere.
- 2. Describe the layers of the atmosphere.
- 3. Construct rudimentary weather instruments.
- 4. Measure factors that influence weather.
- 5. Translate weather data into forecasts.
- 6. Compare and contrast weather and climate.
- 7. Demonstrate the movements of the solar system.
- 8. Identify and describe the layering of the earth.
- 9. Recognize simple geologic structures.
- 10. Differentiate between rocks and minerals.
- 11. Identify and classify rocks and minerals.
- 12. Identify changes that produced fossils.
- 13. Identify methods for dating fossils.
- 14. Construct models demonstrating principles of flight.
- 15. Contrast mass and gravity.
- 16. Evaluate the impact of space program technology on our future.
- 17. Compare operation principles of jets, rocks, and satellites.
- 18. Describe the space environment.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

- 1. Construct and identify model food webs
- 2. Describe the interaction of several ecosystems.
- 3. Report and hypothesize several of mankind's positive and negative effects on the environment.
- 4. Design corrective methods to counteract abuse of the environment.
- 5. Demonstrate the "greenhouse" effect.
- 6. Identify the causes and effects of air, land and water pollution.
- 7. Relate the use of energy sources to future societal issues & careers.
- 8. Discuss the importance of energy conservation in homes, schools, and businesses.

# SOCIAL STUDIES TOPICS – GRADES 4-6

### **CONTENT**

Regions & interdependence

Physical features of Vermont, the United States, a world region, or another country

People's influences on environment

Environmental influences on people

Group interactions: family, community, state, nation, & world

Human activity, change & development

Continuity in change & development

Influence of events on people

Influence of people on events

Similarity & differences among people: values, beliefs, rules, customs,

behaviors

People's responsibilities to people, environment, & the future

Human conflict & conflict resolution

People supply basic needs in a variety of ways

Natural resources effects on people's needs

Interdependency of economic systems among regions

People's need for order

Variety of structures which provide order

Universal characteristics of humanity

#### **GEOGRAPHY**

- 1. Construct maps, graphs, & charts to demonstrate physical & cultural patterns using appropriate keys.
- 2. Interpret maps, graphs, & charts.
- 3. Identify & locate geographical features of Vermont, United States, & other world regions. Describe differences & similarities.
- 4. Examine environmental influences on people's settlement patterns, lifestyle, and economic options.
- 5. Analyze patterns of population distribution in Vermont, United States, and another world region.
- 6. Distinguish between cultural & physical regions using local, national, and world examples.
- 7. Describe climatic regions; compare & contrast two regions.
- 8. Explain how climate affects people's needs for food, clothing, shelter, transportation, and communication.
- 9. Describe use of natural resources in Vermont, United States, & another world region.

# **HISTORY**

- 1. Identify patterns of change & development caused by human activity in Vermont, the United States and another world region or country.
- 2. Appraise settlement patterns & colonization in Vermont, the United States, and another world region or country.
- 3. Analyze conflict/conflict resolution between groups of countries for Vermont, the United

- States and another world region or country.
- 4. Explain & appraise government formation in Vermont, the United States and another country.
- 5. Compare & contrast slavery & its abolition in Vermont, the U.S. and another country.
- 6. Recognize that individual rights have evolved as a result of human political activity and that this evolution has varied among nations.
- 7. Analyze expansion, modernization, & industrialization, including the contributions of women & minorities in Vermont, the United States, & another world region or country.
- 8. Recognize the contributions culture & traditions of Native Americans in Vermont & the United States.
- 9. Analyze immigrant influence on change & development in Vermont, the United States, & another country.
- 10. Identify American influence on other countries.
- 11. Identify foreign influence on the United States.
- 12. Construct a timeline which illustrates change & development caused by human activity in Vermont, the U.S., another country or world region.
- 13. Examine contemporary issues & events & project possible consequences.

### **ECONOMICS**

- 1. Examine alternative ways people meet basic needs for food, clothing, & shelter within America, another region of the world, or another country.
- 2. Compare & contrast alternative ways people meet basic needs among varying cultures.
- 3. Appraise people's needs & wants in terms of natural & manufactured resources, supply, demand, consumption, scarcity, conservation, and exploitation.
- 4. Illustrate Vermont's economic interactions with other states & America's interactions with other countries.
- 5. Identify America's, Vermont's & another country's natural resources and explain their importance and uses.
- 6. Hypothesize about the needs and wants of future Vermonters and how they might meet those needs.

#### LAW & GOVERNMENT

- 1. Analyze people's needs for rules & laws in family, state, national, and international relationships.
- 2. Explain the functions of the functions of the 3 branches of government
- 3. Recognize the individual's civic responsibilities.
- 4. Compare & contrast America's form of government with the government of another country.
- 5. Recognize individual rights (liberty, equality, justice).
- 6. Describe the content of the Declaration of Independence and Bill or Rights.
- 7. Identify components of Vermont local & state government.
- 8. Identify representative democracy, parliamentary democracy, communism, dictatorship, and monarchy.
- 9. Create a classroom law (bill), debate it, vote on it, establish procedures to enforce it, & appraise its effectiveness.

### **SOCIOLOGY**

- 1. Describe roles individuals play in groups such as family, peers and co-workers.
- 2. Demonstrate group influences on individual behavior.
- 3. City need for & examples of social control.
- 4. Identify basic social institutions & their function in society.
- 5. Describe elements of socialization.

### ANTHROPOLOGY

- 1. Compare & contrast beliefs, values, & customs of American with selected world culture.
- 2. Illustrate how customs, values & beliefs influence behavior.
- 3. Examine different material & non-material cultures.
- 4. Describe how people transmit their beliefs, values, & traditions.
- 5. Identify stages of human development.
- 6. Describe people's interdependency.
- 7. Describe people's relationship with environment; how people affect the environment; & how the environment affects people.
- 8. Design a futuristic culture.
- 9. Identify differences in food, clothing, shelter & traditions of different ethnic groups in Vermont, the United States, and in another country.
- 10. Describe the culture of Vermonters prior to European intervention.

### **PSYCHOLOGY**

- 1. Recognize individual differences & similarities.
- 2. Identify human emotions.
- 3. Compare & contrast innate and learned behavior.
- 4. Recognize the rules, beliefs, customs & values influence behavior.
- 5. Categorize people's emotional needs.
- 6. Create a perfect day. Describe what you would do with your day, and how you would feel about it.
- 7. Define discrimination, prejudice, bias and stereotyping.